

stba Contemporary City

DIRTY SUSTAINABILITY

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Dirty Sustainability

- I Dirty and Wicked Problems
problems – contradictions - potentials
- II Volume 18: After Zero
-
- III Wired 16.06: Attention Environmentalists

- IV Lectures

- V 10 Shades of Green
DGNB Stadtquartier
Certificates - *inhibit / provoke* – Design

- VI new Climate Pragmatism: new Outlook

I Dirty Sustainability and Wicked Problems

Dirty

No single route to sustainability

A war on many fronts, with many tactics (weak) and strategies (strong)

Coalition of practices

A combination of short term (mitigation) and long term (adaptation) measures

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Wicked Problems (1973, Rittel, H. and Webber, M.)

purely scientific-rational approach not applicable because:

problem definition and differing perspectives of the stakeholders

Solutions to wicked problems are not right or wrong, only better or worse.

Super wicked problems (2007, Levin, Cashore, Bernstein and Auld)

Time is running out

No central authority

Those seeking to solve the problem are also causing it

□

Global warming is considered a super wicked problem

II Contradiction = Potential

Volume 18: After Zero



What is sustainability? – an environmental urgency, a political issue, a technical problem, a historic destiny, a new world order? And what are the consequences of this acceptance?

The sustainability consensus is dangerous since the concept has no political content and can be used for any cause. Carbon neutrality and zero emissions are like magic formulas, cover-ups for complicated ethical questions about the inequalities in our societies.

Volume proposes an understanding of our society beyond zero. To kick off we discuss two perspectives: sustainability in a post-capitalist city and the potential of urban agriculture.

□

III Contradiction = Potential

**Attention
Environmentalists:
Keep your SUV.
Forget organics.
Go nuclear.
Screw the spotted owl.**

If you're serious about global warming,
only one thing matters:
Cutting carbon. That means facing
some inconvenient truths.

III **Contradiction = Potential**

Wired Magazine (16.06): Attention Environmentalists

Inconvenient Truths: Get Ready to Rethink What it Means to Be Green
Cut Carbon: 10 tenets of the new environmental apostasy

- Live in Cities
- A/C Is OK
- Organics Are Not The Answer
- Farm the Forests
- China Is the Solution
- Accept Genetic Engineering
- Carbon Trading Doesn't Work
- Embrace Nuclear Power
- Used Cars - Not Hybrids
- Prepare for the Worst

□

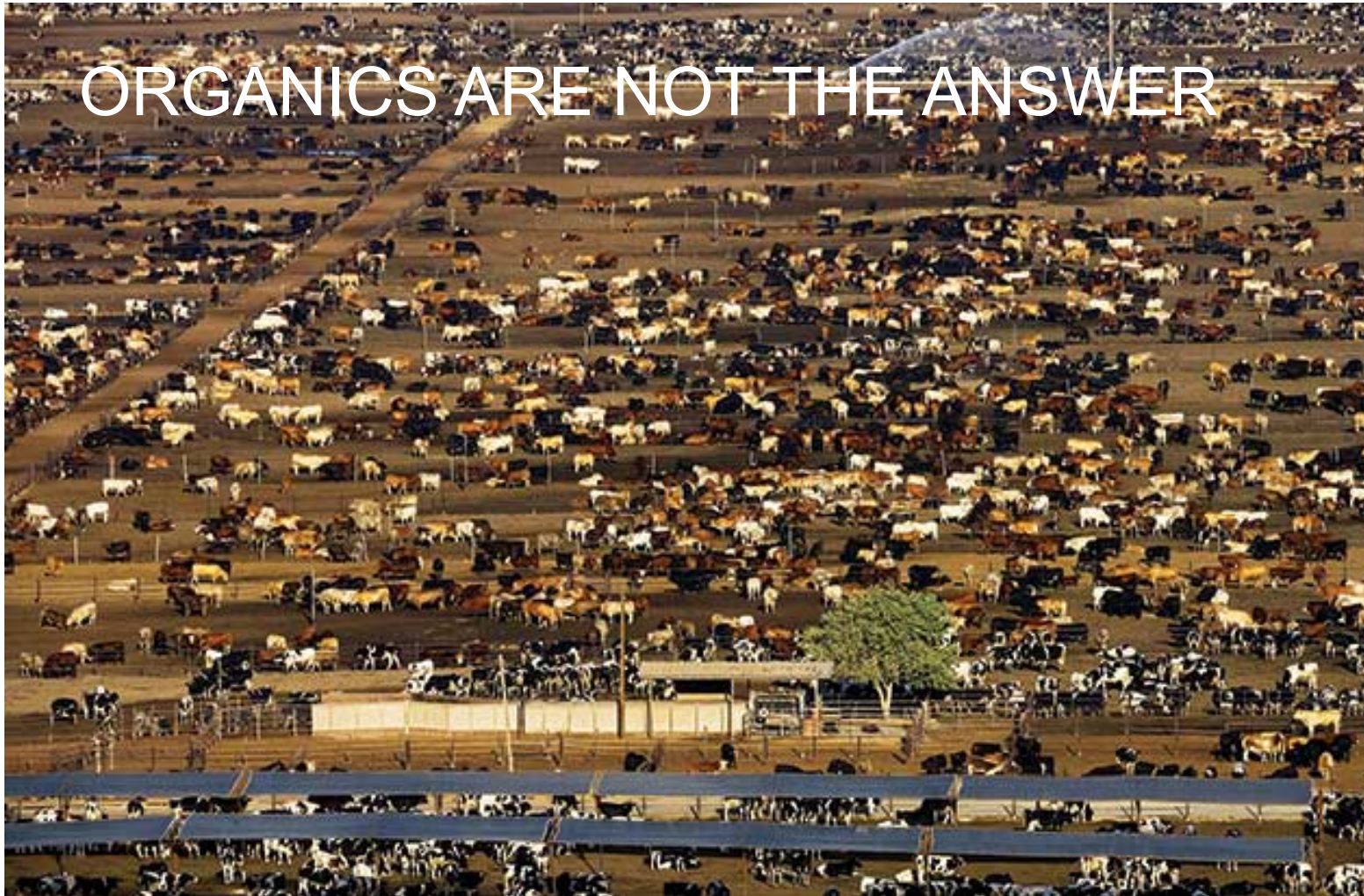
Wired Magazine - „Attention Enviromentalists“



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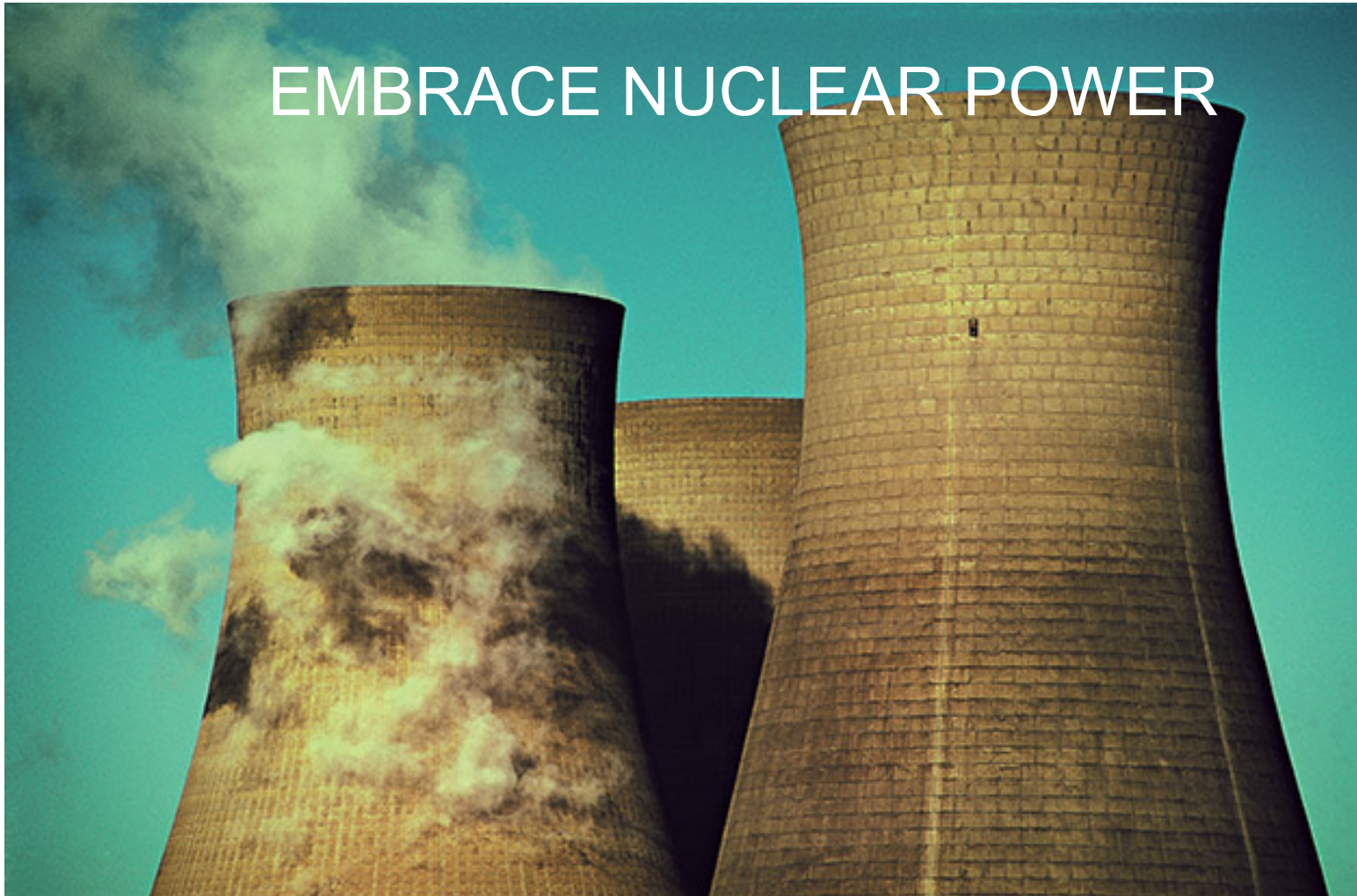


Wired Magazine - „Attention Enviromentalists“

CARBON TRADING DOESN'T WORK



Wired Magazine - „Attention Enviromentalists“



Wired Magazine - „Attention Enviromentalists“



Wired Magazine - „Attention Enviromentalists“



IV Lectures

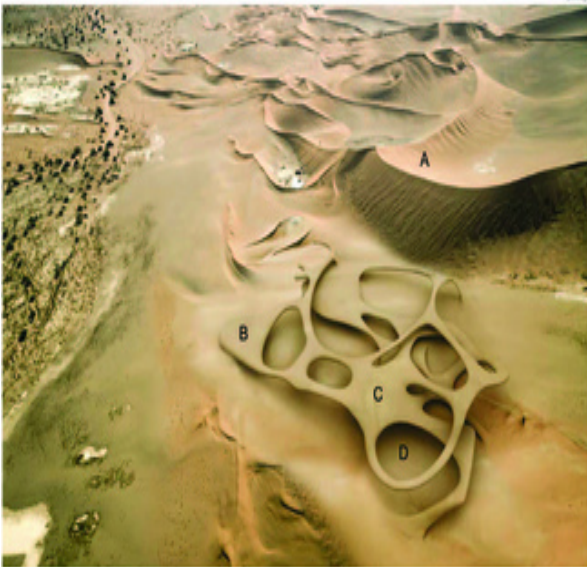
Intro: Urbanisms for the Anthropocene

// Adaptation, DUNE, Magnus Larsson

>> PREPARATION

01 PROCESS: how can
the city be made
spatially resilient phase

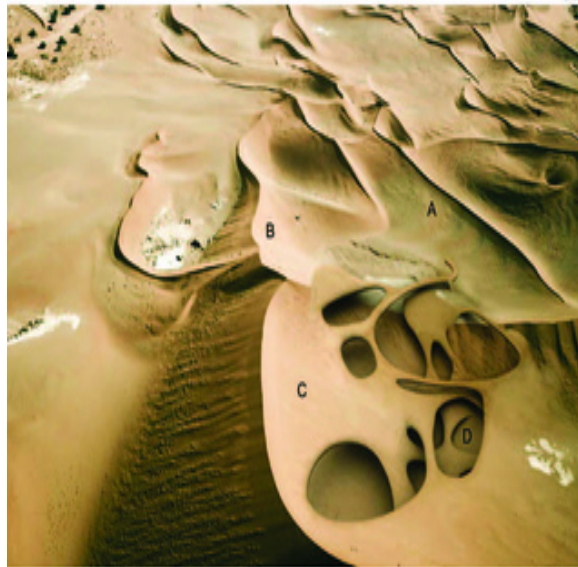
INITIAL PHASE



>> IMPLEMENTATION

02 PROCESS: how can
the city be made
spatially resilient phase

SECONDARY PHASE



>> CULTIVATION

03 PROCESS: how can
the city be made
spatially resilient phase

TERTIARY PHASE



Intro: Urbanisms for the Anthropocene

Science: Definitions and concepts: urbanization, climate change

Urbanisms: The city is a laboratory; old and new urbanisms

Design: Introduction graphic representation project “Making complexity simple”

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Climate Change and Cities

Using climate science and socio-economic research to map a city's vulnerability

Risk Framework

Climate hazards intensity of heatwaves, rainstorms, flooding

Vulnerabilities attributes of poverty, density, topography

Adaptive capacity resources for mitigation and adaptation

Energy systems, Water and Wastewater, Transportation and Health

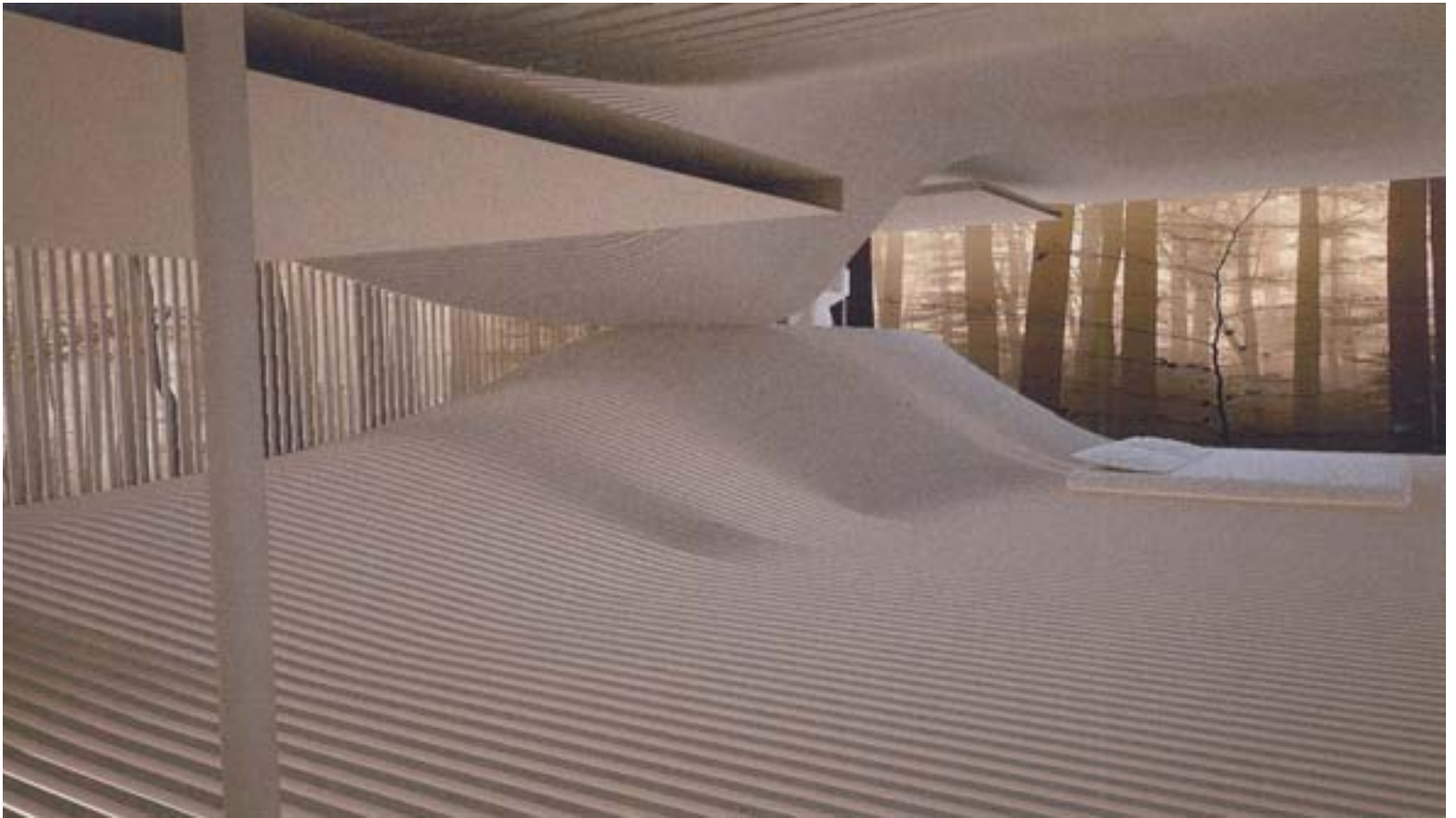
Role of Urban Land

Challenges of governance

Cynthia Rosenzweig et al, Climate Change and Cities – First Assessment Report of the Urban Climate Change Research Network. New York: Cambridge, 2011

Weather: Climate and Urban Place Form

// Research House for D. G-F, 2008, Philippe Rahm



Weather: Climate and Urban Place Form

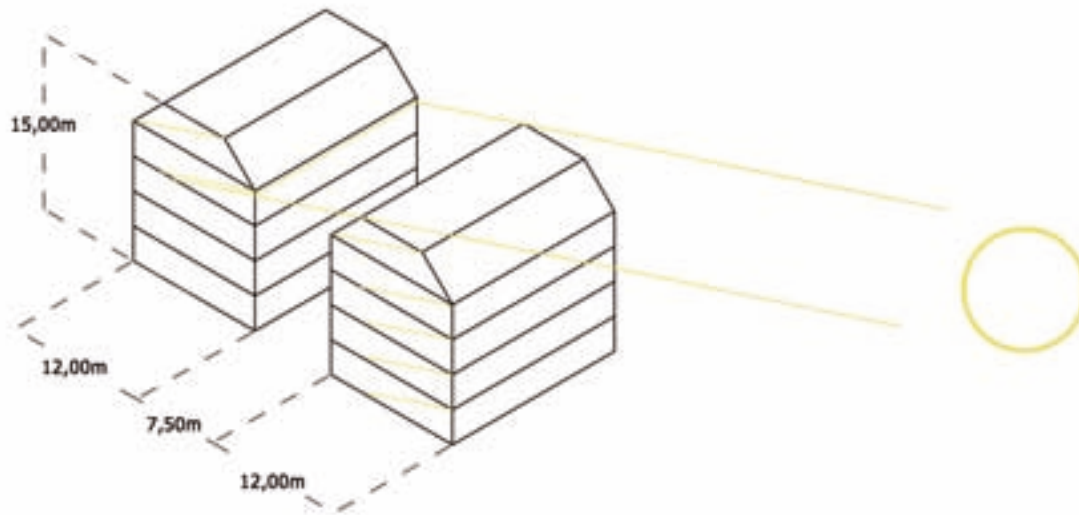
Science: Urban climate basics; Thermodynamics and the Carbon cycle

Urbanisms: Urban place forms: dry and hot, wet and hot, temperate

Design: Well tempered environment and moulding micro-climates

Spatious Density: From Reconstruction to New Concepts

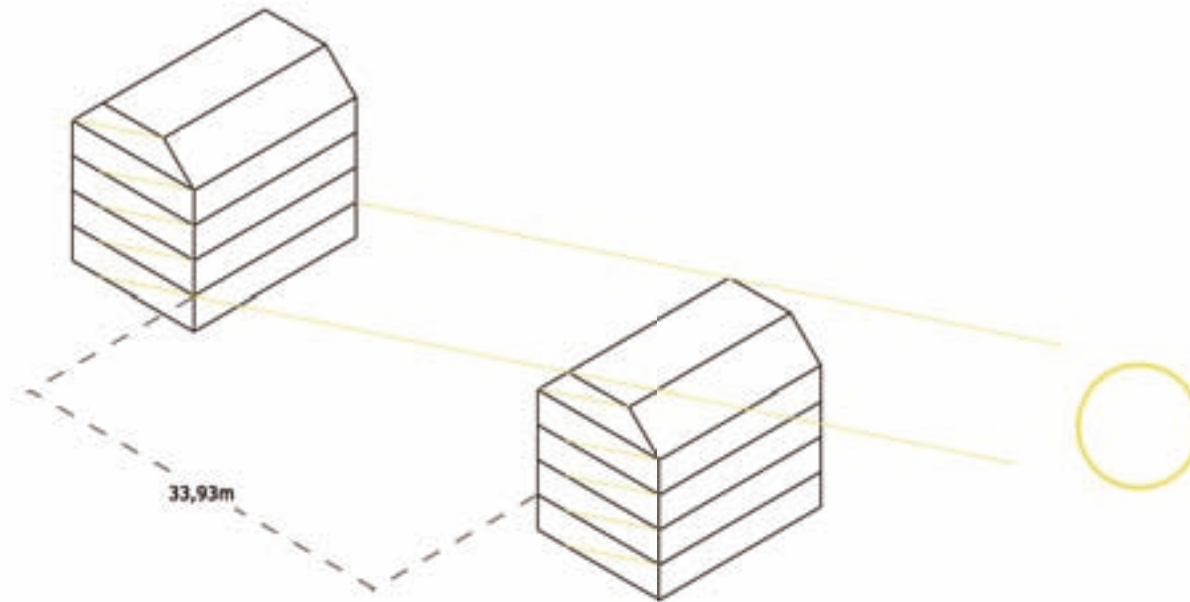
// Solar gymnastics sequence: move closer, move farther



urban distance = building height x 0.5
facades get no direct lighting

Spatious Density: From Reconstruction to New Concepts

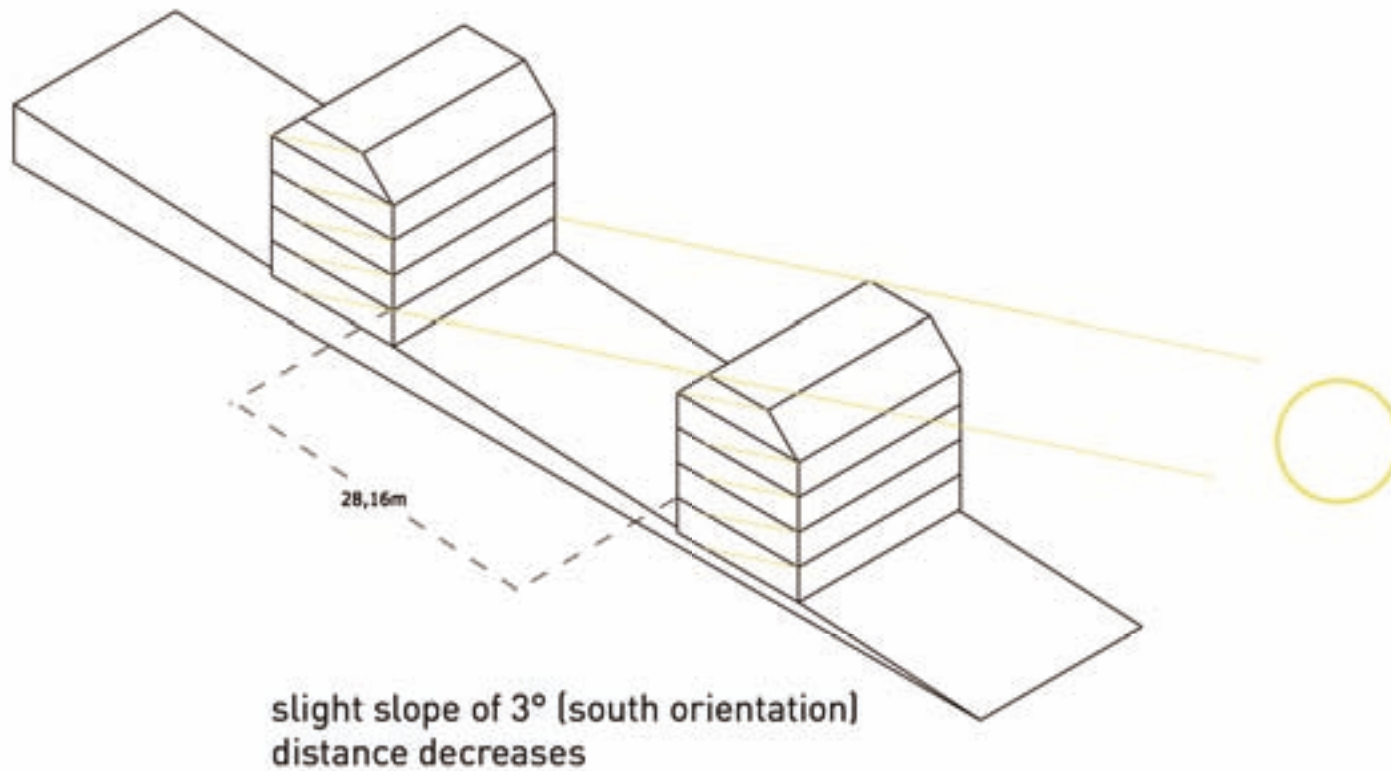
// Solar gymnastics sequence: move closer, move farther



wintersun angle = 18° defines distance
distances become anti-urban

Spatious Density: From Reconstruction to New Concepts

// Solar gymnastics sequence: move closer, move farther



Spatious Density: From Reconstruction to New Concepts

Science: Principles of energy efficient city building, solar gymnastics,

Urbanisms: Compact urban forms; towards a spacious density

Design: Low to no carbon

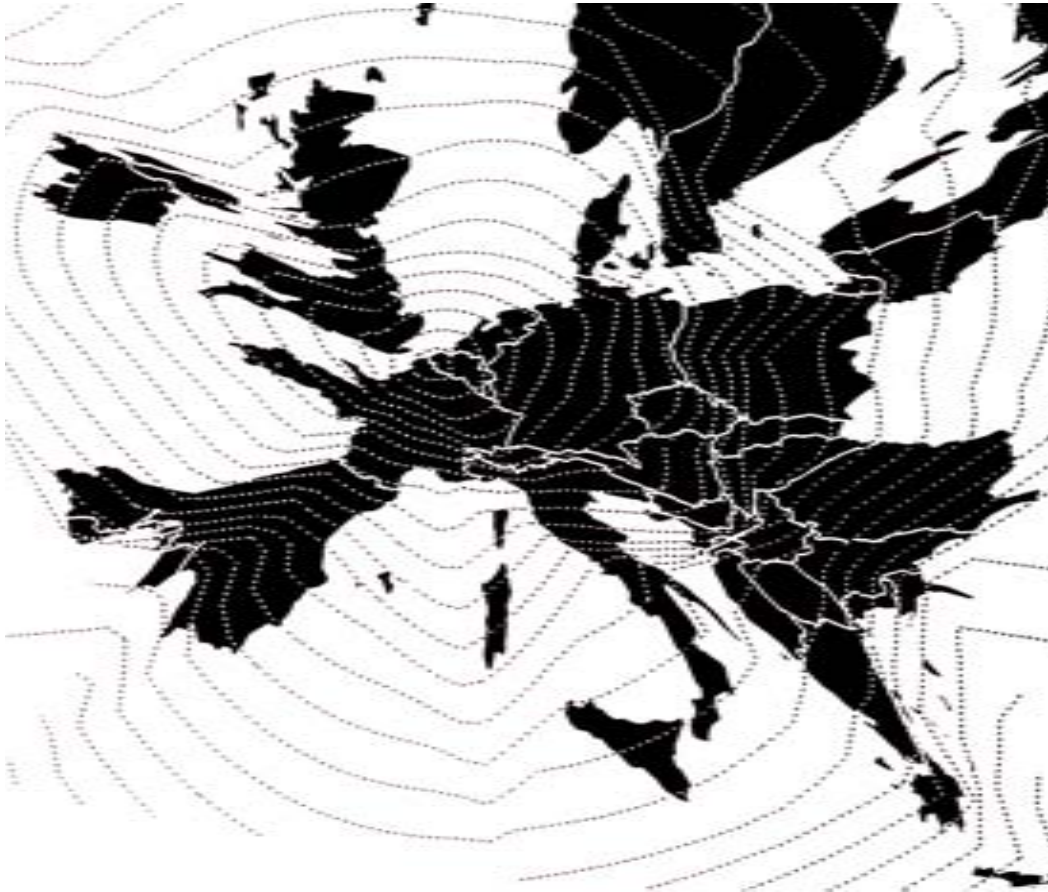
Spatious Density: From Reconstruction to New Concepts

// big YARD, Berlin, Zanderroth



Networks: From Regionalism to Network Intelligence

// Europe transformed, Euralille, OMA



Networks: From Regionalism to Network Intelligence

Science: Energy networks and renewables

Urbanisms: Cityregion as overlapping networks

Design: Energy: Enropa and Desertec; Transmillenio;
soft and fun Copenhagen

Networks: From Regionalism to Network Intelligence

// DESERTEC



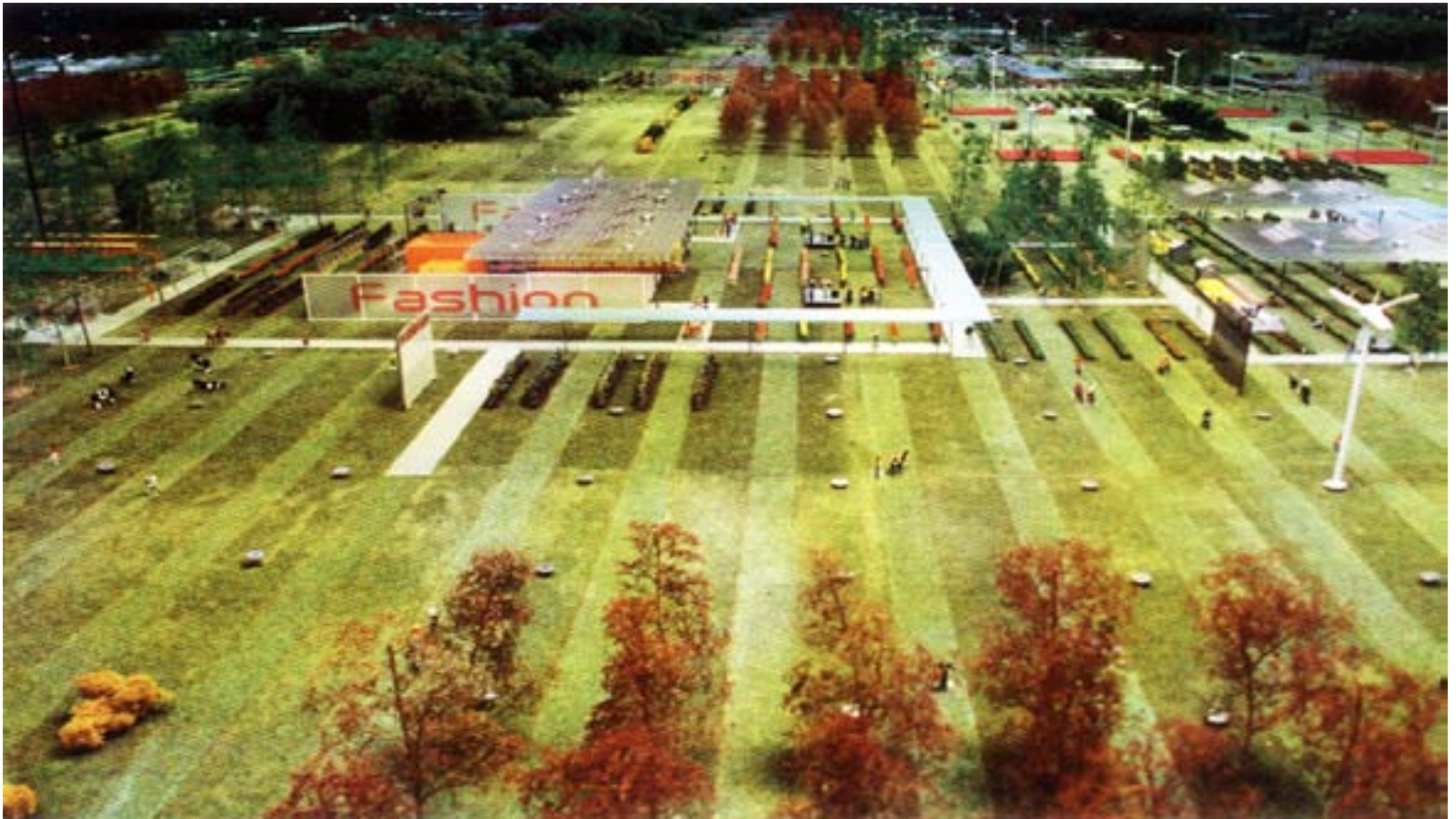
Performance of Green: Cool City Regions to Landscape as Performative Space

// Ritual



Performance of Green: Cool City Regions to Landscape as Performative Space

// Porta Nuova Gardens, Milano, A. Branzi, 2004



Performance of Green: Cool City Regions to Landscape as Performative Space

// suburban wildlife, Berlin



Performance of Green: Cool City Regions to Landscape as Performative Space

Science: Performance of vegetation, biodiversity

Urbanisms: from low density urban form to Agropolis

Design: From Guerilla Gardiners to Metrobosco and La Grande Paris

Cycles: Landscape ecology and Cyclical Metabolisms

// Coastal Fog Tower, Atacama



Cycles: Landscape ecology and Cyclical Metabolisms

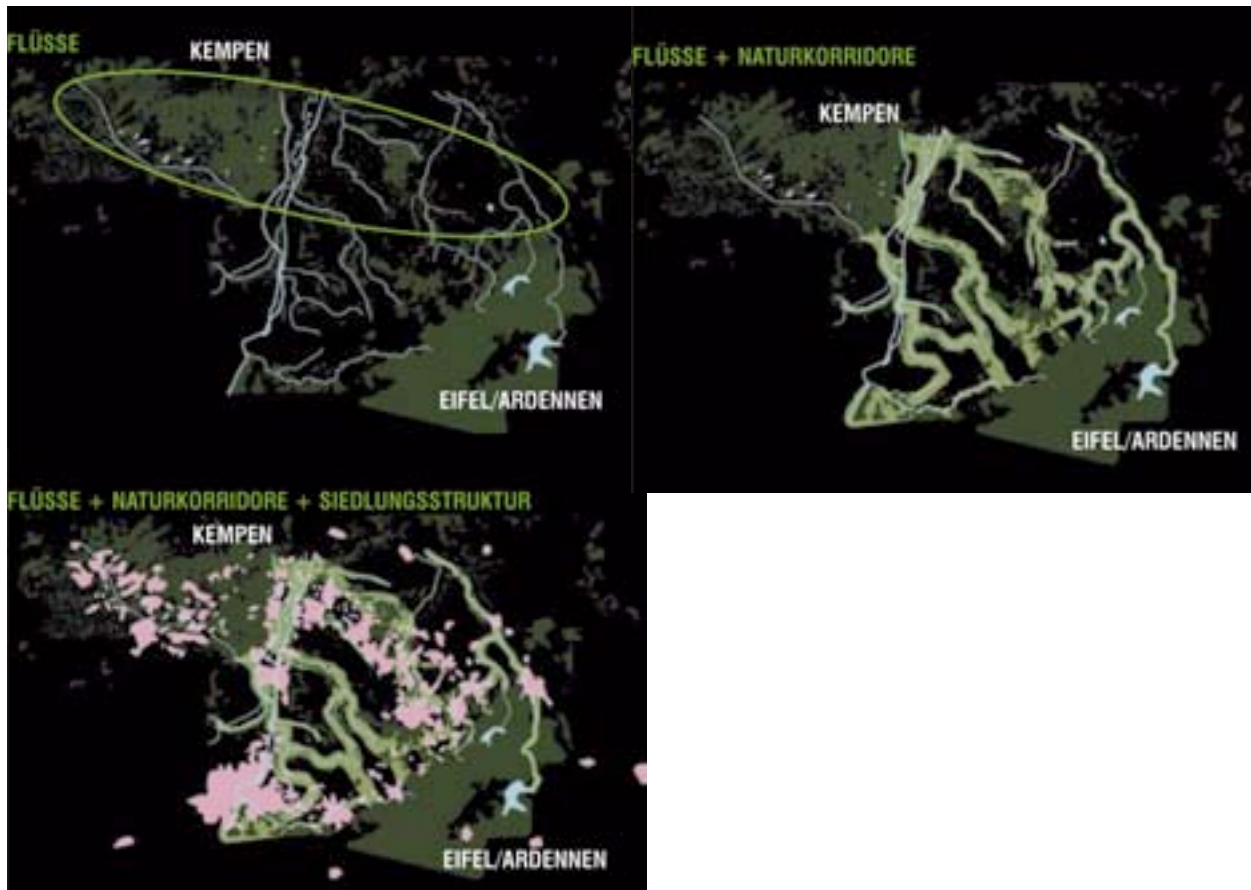
Science: Cyclical metabolisms: Water; flows and cycles, rain, rivers,

Urbanisms: Learning from Field Ecology, Watershed Urbanism

Design: From the Paulini Code, Venice to Rising Currents, NYC

Cycles: Landscape ecology and Cyclical Metabolisms

// Euregio 2008, Team Bava + Agence Ter, 2005



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Re-wilding the World – continental scale nature corridors

Conservation Ecology

Connecting wildlife sanctuaries between different countries
(restoration of animal habitats and establishment of migration corridors)

Cores, Corridors and Carnivores

Why?

Fragmentation of wilderness erodes biodiversity
Large carnivores regulate other animal and plant ecosystems

North America: Y2Y (Yukon to Yosemite – wolves)

Europe: Iron Curtain (Finland to Balkan states on the Mediterranean)

□

(Fraser, C. Rewilding the World. Metropolitan, 2010)

Re-use: Building in the already built city, and Waste: recycle, re-use, repair

// Waste - resources at the wrong place



Re-use: Building in the already built city, and Waste: recycle, re-use, repair

Science: Ecologies of waste, externalities and rucksacks

Urbanisms: From Drosscape to Agrarianism

Design: Creative re-use and Retrofitting social housing

Transients: Tourism – Migration: A World on the Move

// Enculturation



Transients: Tourism – Migration: A World on the Move

Science: Industrial Flows of Tourists; Political and Natural Disasters

Urbanisms: Tourist cities; Refugees: From Camps to Cities

Design: Link Tourists with the Context; Can Architect's Design a Camp?

Transients: Tourism – Migration: A World on the Move

// Gaza, Palästina



Shati Beach



Shati Beach



Shati Beach



Dayr Al Bahr



Flüchtlingslager 2009



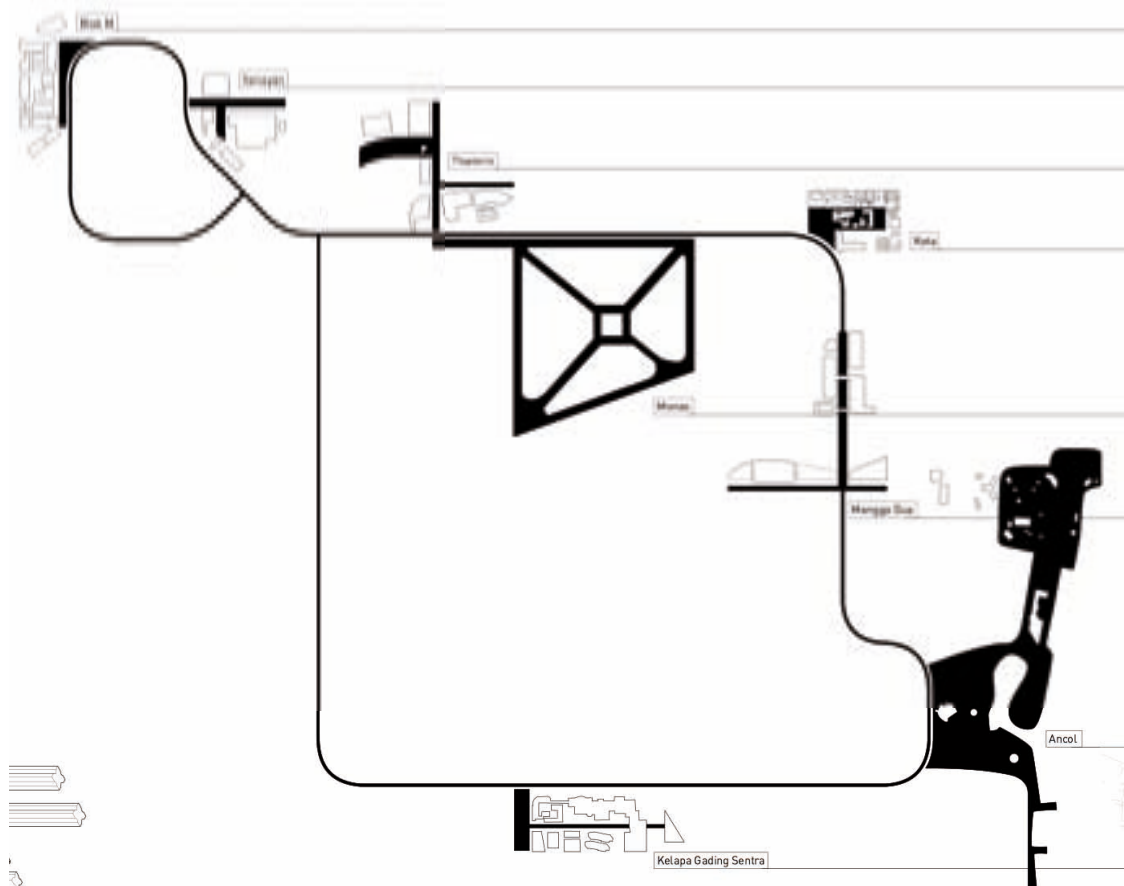
Flüchtlingslager 2009



Jabaliya Square

Exchange: The Shopping Center: International Symbol of the Age of Consumption

// Shopping Center, Jakarta



Exchange: The Shopping Center: International Symbol of the Age of Consumption

Science: Globalisation and the Rise of the Real Estate Industry

Urbanisms: A Global Building Type for the Age of Consumption

Design: Can Retail Centers Support Social and Cultural Development?

Exchange: The Shopping Center: International Symbol of the Age of Consumption

// Arizona Market, Brcko



Actors: Right to the City to New Stakeholders

// Lesezeichen Salbke – Open-air library, in Magdeburg, KARO*



Actors: Right to the City to New Stakeholders

// 23 de Enero, 2003



Actors: Right to the City to New Stakeholders

Science: The Phenomenon of Informal Citybuilding

Urbanisms: Models of collective planning, participation
and individual action

Design: Activism, Participation, Behaviorology, Entrepreneur

Dirty Sustainability: Wicked Problems, Resilience and Redundance

// Contradiction = Potential



Dirty Sustainability: Wicked Problems, Resilience and Redundance

// Caution Dress, Nancy Judd



Dirty Sustainability: Wicked Problems, Resilience and Redundance

Science: “What’s wrong with sustainability?”

Urbanisms: Towards Sustainable Urban Place Form

Design: passive, active, cradle to cradle

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A Homeotechnic Future + Climate Pragmatism

A Homeotechnic Future

„Spaceship Earth“ (B. Fuller, 1968)

„Its implications do justice to the real situation“

The biosphere is our „spaceship earth“

What is needed is a new scientific-philosophical practice

Nature supportive technologies combined with biometric standards produce a different (positive) interaction between urbanization and the natural world.

(Sloterdijk, P. „How Big is Big?“ Collegium International, 2010)

A New Climate Pragmatism

Decarbonization will only be achieved when it is combined with other goals which are politically attractive and relentlessly pragmatic.

These measures do not need to be pursued in a centralized manner.

(Atkinson et al, 2011 and LSE 2010. <http://bit.ly/HartwellPaper>)

V 10 shades of Green, 2000

1 Low energy / high performance

natural light and ventilation in tall volumes
multi-layered facades and roofs
solar panels, water chilled ceilings,

2 Replenishable sources

harvest the ambient energies of the sun, wind,
build with constantly replenished materials,

3 Recycling: eliminate waste + pollution

design systems that recycle water and heat.
reusable materials and components

4 Embodied energy (EE)

□

critical use of low + high EE materials

V 10 shades of Green, 2000

5 Long life, loose fit

□

can your building be refit for new uses?

6 Total life cycle costing

□

materials extraction to their eventual recycle
predictive computer modelling,

7 Embedded in place

□

site and setting, draw on local vernacular,

8 Access and urban context

□

mobility and access; TOD models

9 Health and happiness

□

outdoors contact, relevance to community life
no off-gas materials (sick building syndrome)

V Certificates □ Design

ECOLOGICAL QUALITY

CONSEQUENCES FOR THE GLOBAL AND LOCAL ENVIRONMENT

03 Urban Climate Change

□

identify climate, weather, topography

RESOURCE CONSUMPTION AND WASTE PRODUCTION

05 Consumption of Land

decentralized concentration

experiment with density

06 Energy- and % of Alternative Energy Use

solar energy, layered skin, sunshades

07 Energy Efficient Building

experiment with morphology and density

09 On-site Rainwater Management

rainwater harvest, runoff as formmaker

landscape as waste water remediator

ECONOMIC QUALITY

LIFECYCLE COSTING

11 „Strengthening Local Markets“

urban gardens, agriculture and forestry

CREATING VALUE

13 Efficient Land-use

decentralized concentration

V Certificates □ Design

SOCIO-CULTURAL FUNCTIONAL QUALITY

SOCIAL QUALITY

14 Social and Functional Diversity

15 Socio-cultural Structure

□

HEALTH, COMFORT AND USER SATISFACTION

16 Objective / Subjective Security

17 Spatial Quality + Comfort

19 Noise Insultion / Acoustical Quality

□

FUNCTIONAL QUALITY + DESIGN QUALITY

20 Quality of the Traffic System

21 Free Space Opportunity/Offer

22 Barrier-free Quality

23 Functional Flexibility

24 Local and Regional Food Production

□

25 Urban Design Connections

26 Using the Existing Context

evaluate programatic juxtapositions

invent alternative living/working scenarios

overlooked public spaces and entries

define interaction betw. buildings+spaces

new forms and materials

mobility spaces as high quality places

variety+hierarchy of private-public spaces

folded ground planes, use topography

propose programatic juxtapositions

urban gardens and agriculture

network connections is everything

identify + manipulate vernacular form

winter and summer habitation

V Certificates □ Design

TECHNOLOGICAL QUALITY

TECHNICAL INFRASTRUCTURE

30 Water circulation systems

31 Energy technical system

32 Waste cycle efficiency

□

TECHNICAL QUALITY + TRAFFIC / MOBILITY

33 Potential for disassembly, recycling + demounting

35 Quality the public transport infrastructure

38 Quality of the infrastructure for pedestrians

PROCESS QUALITY

PARTICIPATION

39 Participation

□

QUALITY OF THE PLANNING + QUALITY OF THE EXECUTION AND SITE MANAGEMENT

40 Concept building by competitive process

41 Integrated Planning

water as visible design component

layered skins, sunshades, courts

waste as food, waste as material

prototyping + prefabrication

new replenishable materials

transferia: local + regional

urban space perceived by pedestrian

post oil design and spaces

identify cultures and tribes

staging development as narrative

integrated multiscale design + planning

VI new Climate Pragmatism

Climate Pragmatism . Innovation, resilience and no regrets

The Hartwell Analysis in an American Context. Atkinson, R., N Chetri, J Freed ed altri. July 2011

Failure of the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC)

enforce top down standards not realistic

emissions targets are unenforcable

deadlocked international negotiations and failed domestic policy proposals

□

Thesis: „decarbonization will only be achieved ... contingent upon other goals which are politically attractive and relentlessly pragmatic.“

□

Three goals: near term goals achievable by example rather than by global treaties

- 1 Ensuring energy access for all (invest in new energy technologies, slow deforestation, ...)
- 2 Developing clean and scalable energy technologies that are ultimately cost competitve with fossil fuels absent subsidy
- 3 building resilience to climate change (build disaster resilience)

□

□ **The Hartwell Paper** May 2010 LSE and Säid Business School, University of Oxford

[Http://bit.ly/HartwellPaper](http://bit.ly/HartwellPaper)

Problems and Goals

Problems - please don't ...

Z No single route to sustainability

Zz A war on many fronts, with many tactics (weak) and strategies (strong)

Zzz Coalition of practices

Y A combination of short term (mitigation) and long term (adaptation) measures

□

Goals - please do ...

X near term goals achievable by example rather than by global treaties

Xx 1 Ensuring energy access for all (invest in new energy technologies, slow deforestation)

Xxx 2 Developing clean and scalable energy technologies that are ultimately cost

Yy competitive with fossil fuels absent subsidy

Yyy 3 building resilience to climate change (build disaster resilience)

Caution Dress, Nancy Judd

